FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 30

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Progress and Development, April 30, 2009, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

0103S.05C TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 478.001, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to substance abuse of applicants and recipients of state benefits.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

3 read as follows:

Section A. Section 478.001, RSMo, is repealed and four new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 208.027, 478.001, 1, and 2, to

208.027. 1. The department of social services shall develop a program to screen and test each work-eligible applicant or workeligible recipient who is otherwise eligible for temporary assistance for 4 needy families benefits under this chapter and who the department has reasonable cause to believe engages in illegal use of controlled substances. Any applicant or recipient who is found to have tested positive for the illegal use of a controlled substance, which was not prescribed for such applicant or recipient by a licensed health care provider, shall be referred to a drug court program as defined under section 478.001, RSMo. If the applicant or recipient fails to successfully 10 complete the drug court program, such person shall, after an 11 administrative hearing conducted by the department under the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, be declared ineligible for temporary 14 assistance for needy families benefits for a period of one year from the date of the administrative hearing decision. The department shall 15 16 provide appropriate substance abuse treatment. Other members of a household which includes a person who has been declared ineligible for

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18 temporary assistance for needy families assistance shall, if otherwise 19 eligible, continue to receive temporary assistance for needy families 20 benefits as protective or vendor payments to a third-party payee for the benefit of the members of the household. 21

- 2. The department shall also screen and test applicants and recipients who have previously been convicted, pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to an intoxicated-related offense, as defined under section 577.023, RSMo, and who the department has reasonable cause to believe engages in addictive alcoholic behavior for the presence of alcohol. Such person who tests positive for alcohol shall lose temporary assistance for needy family benefits in the same manner as a person who uses illegal controlled substances loses his or her benefits under subsection 1 of this section.
- 3. The provisions of this section shall not take effect in any given 31 32fiscal year until such time as appropriations by the general assembly for substance abuse treatment programs offered by the division of 33 alcohol and drug abuse within the department of mental health 3435 increase capacity by six thousand four hundred twenty-two 36 participants and notice of such appropriations has been given to the 37 revisor of statutes.
- 4. The department of social services shall promulgate rules to develop the screening and testing provisions of this section. Any rule 39 40 or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 41 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, 43 RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 45536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and 46 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 47rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 48 28, 2009, shall be invalid and void. 49

478.001. Drug courts [may] shall be established by any circuit court pursuant to sections 478.001 to 478.006 to provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases which stem from drug use. The drug court shall also accept referrals for the program from the department of social services for persons found to have tested positive for illegal drug use

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under section 208.027, RSMo. A drug court shall combine judicial supervision, drug testing and treatment of drug court participants. Except for good cause found by the court, a drug court making a referral for substance abuse treatment, when such program will receive state or federal funds in connection with such 10 referral, shall refer the person only to a program which is certified by the 11 department of mental health, unless no appropriate certified treatment program is located within the same county as the drug court. Upon successful completion 12of the treatment program, the charges, petition or penalty against a drug court 13 14 participant may be dismissed, reduced or modified. Any fees received by a court from a defendant as payment for substance treatment programs shall not be 15 considered court costs, charges or fines. 16

Section 1. The department of economic development shall develop a program to screen and test each applicant or recipient of a tax credit administered by the department that the department has reasonable cause to believe engages in illegal use of controlled substances or engages in addictive alcohol behavior as described under subsection 2 of section 208.027, RSMo. If the applicant is an organization, the chief executive shall be tested. Any applicant or recipient of a tax credit who is found to have tested positive for the use of a controlled substance, which was not prescribed for such applicant or recipient by a licensed health care provider, or who has been found 10 to engage in addictive alcoholic behavior, shall, after an administrative 11 hearing conducted by the department under the provisions of chapter 1213 536, RSMo, be declared ineligible for receiving a tax credit for one year from the date of the administrative hearing decision. 14

Section 2. All statewide elected officials and members of the general assembly shall submit to a drug test once elected and before taking the oath of office. If the official fails the test on the second occasion, the official may not take office and the office shall be filled as required by law.

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